



Year 3  
Summer 1



Global theme  
Identity,  
Diversity and  
Equality



## History

The great achievements of the Ancient Greeks



### ARCHITECTURE

Ancient Greece advanced architectural designs and built large, elaborate temples and buildings supported by columns that are still used today. A famous example is the massive Parthenon on the acropolis in Athens.

### THEATER

Ancient Greeks excelled in theater and wrote and performed plays of tragedy and comedy. Athenians attended the Theater of Dionysus that could hold thousands of people.

### OLYMPICS

The Greeks valued a strong, healthy body and loved sports. The Olympics began in 776 BCE and were held in Olympia every four years for almost 12 centuries! Games included running, long jump, shot put, javelin, boxing, and equestrian events.

### DEMOCRACY

Greece is credited with creating the first direct democracy, meaning citizens voted on all the laws. The government had three parts: the assembly, the council, and the courts.

### MATHEMATICS, ASTRONOMY, BIOLOGY

Ancient Greeks made huge strides in mathematics, astronomy, biology, and medicine. Hippocrates was a famous physician who established medicine as a science based on observation and case recording.

### ART

Ancient Greeks created life-like sculptures, paintings, and pottery. A famous sculptor named Phidias carved a huge marble statue of Athena that stood inside the Parthenon.

### INVENTIONS

Ancient Greeks invented many things like a watermill, an alarm clock, central heating, a crane, and the Archimedes screw.

## Vocabulary

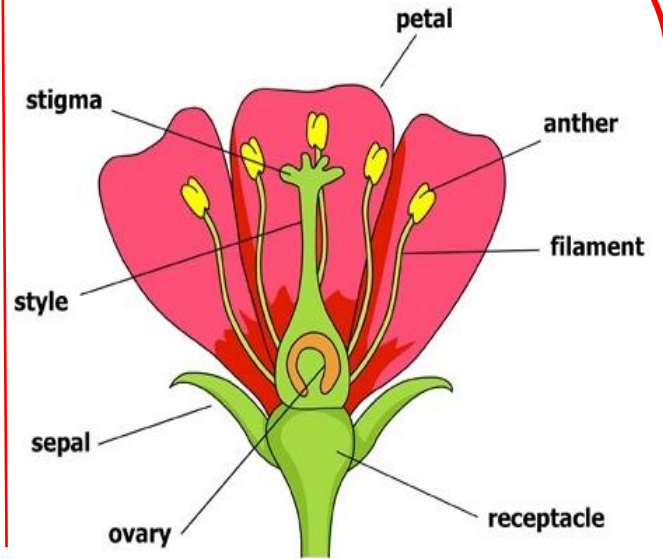
Word	Definition	Picture
oracle	In Ancient Greece, a shrine, priest, or priestess dedicated to a god and often consulted for prophecies or advice.	
Athens	The richest city state in Ancient Greece, a powerful civilization and empire; home to great art, buildings, philosophers and democracy.	
germination	When a seed starts to grow.	
pollinating	To move or carry pollen to a plant, causing the seeds to be fertilised.	
seed dispersal	Seeds are spread out so they can grow where they are not fighting for space with the parent plant.	

## Science

### The life cycle of flowering plants

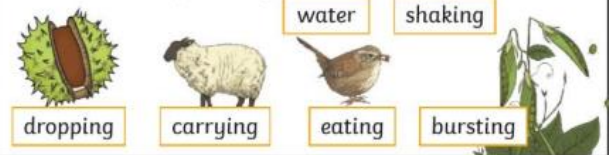


### The parts of a flowering plant



#### Seed Dispersal

Seeds can be dispersed by:



## R.E

### Islam



#### Hajj

Hajj is a gathering of Muslims from all over the world, who take part in an act of worship.



Mecca is the place where the Islamic religion started. All Muslims pray in the direction of the sacred building called the Ka'bah.

## Learning Destination

### Cooking and nutrition

We are going to prepare and cook our own savoury dish, using a range of cooking techniques.



After our Field to Fork trip, we will know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.